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22SCN/SAM/SCS/SDS/SAD11

## First Semester M.Tech. Degree Examination, Jan./Feb. 2023 Mathematical Foundation of Computer Science

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

*Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.*

*2. M : Marks , L: Bloom's level , C: Course outcomes.*

Module - 1			M	L	C												
Q.1	a.	Define vector space and give an example.	10	L1	CO1												
	b.	Prove that set of all polynomials is a vector space over F.	10	L2	CO1												
<b>OR</b>																	
Q.2	a.	Show that the intersection of two subspace of a vector space V(F) is subspace of V(F).	10	L2	CO1												
	b.	Define the Linear Transformation and find the dimension of the subspaces $H = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a - 3b + 6c \\ 5a + 4d \\ b - 2c - d \\ 5d \end{bmatrix} \right\} \text{ a, b, c, d EIR}$	10	L2	CO1												
<b>Module - 2</b>																	
Q.3	a.	Define the following terms i) Inner product    ii) Orthogonal sets    iii) Orthogonal projections.	10	L1	CO2												
	b.	Find the least - squares solution of $AX = b$ for $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, b = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	10	L1	CO2												
<b>OR</b>																	
Q.4	a.	Find the curve of best fit of the type $y = ae^{bx}$ to the following data by the method of least squares <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">x</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">5</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">7</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">9</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">12</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">y</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">10</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">15</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">12</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">15</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">21</td> </tr> </table>	x	1	5	7	9	12	y	10	15	12	15	21	10	L2	CO2
	x	1	5	7	9	12											
y	10	15	12	15	21												
b.	Fit a second degree parabola a by the method of least squares. <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">x</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">2</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">3</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">4</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">5</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">y</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1090</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1220</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1390</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1625</td> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">1915</td> </tr> </table>	x	1	2	3	4	5	y	1090	1220	1390	1625	1915	10	L2	CO2	
x	1	2	3	4	5												
y	1090	1220	1390	1625	1915												

Module – 3																						
Q.5	a.	Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	10	L2 CO3																		
	b.	Define orthogonal sets and show that $\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}$ is an orthogonal set, where $u_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ , $w_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ , $w_3 = \begin{pmatrix} -1/2 \\ -2 \\ 7/2 \end{pmatrix}$	10	L2 CO3																		
OR																						
Q.6	a.	Find QR factorization of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	10	L2 CO3																		
	b.	Explain the principal component analysis.	10	L2 CO3																		
Module – 4																						
Q.7	a.	Explain the following : i) Level of significance ii) Testing of hypothesis iii) Alternative hypothesis	10	L1 CO4																		
	b.	Define the student's t-test and A machinist is making engine parts with axle diameter of 0.7 inch. A random sample of 10 parts shows that means diameter 0.742 inch with S.D of 0.04 inch. On the basis of this sample would you say that the work is inferior?	10	L2 CO4																		
OR																						
Q.8	a.	The following table gives the number of aircraft accidents that occurred during the various days of the week. Find whether the accidents are uniformly distributed over the week. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Day</th> <th>S</th> <th>M</th> <th>T</th> <th>W</th> <th>T</th> <th>F</th> <th>S</th> <th>Total</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>No. of accidents</td> <td>14</td> <td>16</td> <td>8</td> <td>12</td> <td>11</td> <td>9</td> <td>14</td> <td>84</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Day	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	Total	No. of accidents	14	16	8	12	11	9	14	84	10	L2 CO4
Day	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	Total														
No. of accidents	14	16	8	12	11	9	14	84														
	b.	Explain the one-way classification of ANOVA.	10	L2 CO4																		



Module – 5					
Q.9	a.	Define the periodic function and obtain the Fourier series of $f(x) = x \sin x$ in $0 < x < 2\pi$ .	10	L2	CO5
	b.	Define integral transform and find the Fourier transform $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 &  x  < 1 \\ 0 &  x  > 1 \end{cases}$ and hence deduce that $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$ .	10	L2	CO5
OR					
Q.10	a.	State and prove convolution theorem.	10	L2	CO5
	b.	Derive the formula for Parseval's formula.	10	L2	CO5

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